JANUARY 21, 1775. THE NUMBER 1224.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the Freſheſt ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE. —— SUET. in TIB. S. 28.

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What follows is the ſubſtance of the proceedings of the CONTINENTAL CONGRESS, *extracted from their minutes, excepting what has been already publiſhed in a pamphlet, and in this paper.*

JOURNAL, &c.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1774.

A NUMBER of the Delegates choſen and appointed by the ſeveral colonies and provinces in North America, to meet and hold a Congreſs at Philadelphia, aſſembled at the Carpenters Hall.

PRESENT, forty four DELEGATES.

The Congreſs proceeded to the choice of a Preſident, when the Hon. PEYTON RANDOLPH, Eſquire, was unanimouſly elected.

Mr. CHARLES THOMPSON was unanimouſly choſen Secretary.

The Gentlemen from the ſeveral colonies produced their reſpective credentials, which were read and approved, as follows:

Province of New Hampſhire, } AT a meeting of the deputies appointed by the ſeveral towns in this province, held at Exeter, in the county of Rockingham, 21 July, 1774, for the election of Delegates on behalf of this province, to join the General Congreſs propoſed, preſent 85 members, the Hon. John Wentworth, Eſq; in the chair:

Voted, that Major John Sullivan, and Col. Nathaniel Folſom, Eſquires, be appointed and empowered, as Delegates, on the part of this province, to attend and aſſiſt in the General Congreſs of Delegates from the other colonies, at ſuch time and place as may be appointed to deviſe, conſult, and adopt meaſures as may have the moſt likely tendency to extricate the colonies from their preſent difficulties, to ſecure and perpetuate their rights, liberties, and privileges, and to reſtore that peace, harmony, and mutual confidence, which once happily ſubſiſted between the parent country and her colonies. J. WENTWORTH, Chairman.

[*The credentials of the other Delegates being nearly ſimilar, we think it needleſs to inſert them.*]

TUESDAY, *Sept.* 6, A. M. The Congreſs met according to adjournment.

PRESENT, the ſame members as yeſterday, and moreover from the colony of Virginia, Richard Henry Lee, Eſquire.

The Congreſs reſuming the conſideration of rules of conduct to be obſerved in debating and determining queſtions that come under conſideration,

Reſolved, that in determining queſtions in this Congreſs, each colony or province ſhall have one vote.---The Congreſs not being poſſeſſed of, or at preſent able to procure proper materials for aſcertaining the importance of each colony.

Reſolved, that no perſon ſhall ſpeak more than twice on the ſame point, without leave of the Congreſs.

Reſolved, that no queſtion ſhall be determined the day on which it is agitated and debated, if any one of the colonies deſire the determination to be poſtponed to another day.

Reſolved, that the door be kept ſhut during the time of buſineſs, and that the members conſider themſelves under the ſtrongeſt obligations of honour to keep the proceedings ſecret until the majority ſhall direct them to be made publick.

Reſolved, that a committee be appointed to ſtate the rights of the colonies in general, the ſeveral inſtances in which thoſe rights are violated or infringed, and the means moſt proper to be purſued for obtaining a reſtoration of them.

Ordered, that the appointment of the committee, and the number of which it ſhall conſiſt, be deferred until to-morrow.

Reſolved, that a committee be appointed to examine and report the ſeveral ſtatutes which affect the trade and manufactures of the colonies.

Same order as above reſpecting the appointment and number of this committee.

Reſolved, that the Rev. Mr. Duche be deſired to open the Congreſs to-morrow morning with prayers, at the Carpenters Hall, at 9 o'clock.

Thomas Johnſon, jun. Eſq; one of the Delegates from Maryland, attended and took his ſeat.

Extract from the minutes of the Directors of the Library Company of Philadelphia, dated Auguſt 31, 1774, directed to the Preſident, was read as follows:

"Upon motion, ordered,

"That the Librarian furniſh the Gentlemen who are to meet in Congreſs with the uſe of ſuch books as they may have occaſion for during their ſitting, taking a receipt for them.

Signed by order of the Directors,

WILLIAM ATTMORE, Sec'ry.

Ordered, that the thanks of the Congreſs be returned to the Directors of the Library Company of Philadelphia, for their obliging order. Adjourned till 9 o'clock to-morrow.

WEDNESDAY, *Sept.* 7, A. M. Agreeable to the reſolve of yeſterday, the meeting was opened with prayers by the Rev. Mr. Duche.

Voted, that the thanks of the Congreſs be given to Mr. Duche, by Mr. Cuſhing and Mr. Ward, for performing divine ſervice, and for the excellent prayer which he compoſed and delivered on the occaſion.

The Congreſs taking into conſideration the appointment of the committee, a vote was taken on the number of which the firſt committee ſhould conſiſt, and, by a great majority, reſolved that it conſiſt of two from each of the colonies, as follows:

From New Hampſhire, Major John Sullivan, and Col. Folſom. Maſſachuſetts Bay, Mr. Samuel Adams, and Mr. John Adams. Rhode Iſland, Mr. Hopkins and Mr. Ward. Connecticut, Col. Dyer, and Mr. Sherman. New-York, Mr. James Duane, and Mr. John Jay. New Jerſey, Mr. Livingſton, and Mr. Dehart. Pennſylvania, Mr. Joſeph Galloway, and Mr. Edward Biddle. Delaware government, Mr. Cæſar Rodney, and Mr. M'Kean. Maryland, Mr. Thomas Johnſon, and Mr. Goldſborough. Virginia, Mr. Lee, and Mr. Pendleton. South Carolina, Mr. Lynch, and Mr. J. Rutledge.

Agreed that the ſecond committee conſiſt of one choſen from each colony, as follows:

New Hampſhire, Mr. Sullivan. Maſſachuſetts Bay, Mr. Cuſhing. Rhode Iſland, Mr. Hopkins. Connecticut, Mr. Deane. New York, Mr. Low. New Jerſey, Mr. Kinſey. Pennſylvania, Mr. Mifflin. Delaware government, Mr. Read. Maryland, Mr. Chaſe. Virginia, Mr. Henry. South Caroſina, Mr. Gadſden.

Ordered, that Iſaac Lefevre, and James Lynch, be employed as door-keepers and meſſengers to this Congreſs.

Reſolved, that the Preſident may adjourn the Congreſs from day to day, when he finds there is no buſineſs prepared to be laid before them, and may, when he finds it neceſſary, call them together before the time to which they may ſtand adjourned.

Adjourned till to-morrow morning, 9 o'clock.

The Preſident, agreeable to the reſolve of the 7th inſtant, adjourned the Congreſs from day to day till

MONDAY, *Sept.* 12. The Congreſs met. Matthew Tilghman, Eſq; one of the Delegates from Maryland, appeared and took his ſeat.--No buſineſs being prepared for the Congreſs, the Preſident adjourned it till Tueſday, and from Tueſday till Wedneſday.

WEDNESDAY, *Sept.* 14. A. M. William Hooper and Joſeph Hewes, Eſquires, two of the Deputies from North Carolina, attended the Congreſs, and produced their credentials, which being read and approved, they took their ſeats.

Henry Wiſner, a Delegate from the county of Orange, in the colony of New York, appeared at Congreſs, and produced a certificate of his election by the ſaid county, which being read and approved, he took his ſeat in Congreſs as a Deputy for the colony of New York.

George Roſs, one of the Delegates for the Province of Pennſylvania, and John Alſop, Eſq; one of the Delegates for the colony of New York, appeared and took their ſeats in Congreſs.

Ordered, that William Hooper and Joſeph Hewes, Eſquires, from North Carolina, be added to the committee appointed to ſtate the rights of the colonies.

Ordered, that William Hooper, Eſq; be one of the committee appointed to report the ſtatutes which affect the trade, &c. of the colonies.

The Delegates from the province of Maſſachuſetts Bay, agreeable to a requeſt from the joint committees of every town and diſtrict in the county of Middleſex, in the ſaid province, communicated to the Congreſs the proceedings of thoſe committees at Concord, on the 30th and 31ſt days of Auguſt laſt, which were read.

Adjourned till to-morrow, at 9 o'clock.

No buſineſs being prepared, the Congreſs was adjourned from day to day till Saturday morning, at 9 o'clock.

SATURDAY, *Sept.* 17, A. M. The Congreſs met according to adjournment.---Richard Caſwell, Eſq; one of the Deputies from North Carolina, appeared and took his ſeat in Congreſs.

[*Here comes in the reſolves of the county of Suffolk, in the province of the Maſſachuſetts Bay, which have been publiſhed in moſt of the newſpapers on this continent.*]

SATURDAY, *Sept.* 18. The committee appointed to examine and report the ſeveral ſtatutes, which affect the trade and manufactures of the colonies, brought in their report, which was ordered to lie on the table.——Adjourned till Monday morning.

MONDAY, *Sept.* 20, A. M. The Congreſs met according to adjournment.

The report brought in on Saturday being read,

Ordered, that the ſame be referred to the committee appointed to ſtate the rights of the colonies, &c. to which committee the Hon. Thomas Cuſhing, Eſq; Patrick Henry, and Thomas Mifflin, Eſqrs. were added.

Adjourned from day to day till

THURSDAY, *Sept.* 23. The Congreſs met according to adjourment. Upon motion,

Reſolved unanimouſly, that the Congreſs requeſt the merchants and others in the ſeveral colonies, not to ſend to Great Britain any orders for goods, and to direct the execution of all orders already ſent, to be delayed or ſuſpended, until the ſenſe of the Congreſs on the means to be taken, for the preſervation of the liberties of America is made publick.

Ordered, that this reſolution be made publick by hand bills, and by publiſhing it in the newſpapers.

The committee appointed to ſtate the rights, &c. of the colonies having brought in a report of rights, the ſame was read, and the conſideration of it referred till Saturday next.

Ordered, that a copy of this report be made out for each colony.

SATURDAY, *Sept.* 24, A. M. The Congreſs entered upon the conſideration of the report referred to this day, and after ſome debate, upon motion,

Reſolved, that the Congreſs do confine themſelves at preſent to the conſideration of ſuch rights as have been infringed by acts of the Britiſh Parliament ſince the year 1763, poſtponing the further conſideration of the general ſtate of American rights to a future day.

Hereupon the committee appointed to ſtate the rights, &c. brought in a report of the infringements and violations of American rights, which being read, upon motion,

Reſolved, that the conſideration of this report be referred till Monday, and that the Congreſs in the mean time deliberate on the means moſt proper to be uſed for a reſtoration of our rights.

After ſome debate on the ſubject, the Congreſs adjourned.

MONDAY, *Sept.* 26, A. M. The Congreſs met according to adjournment.

John Herring, Eſq; a deputy from Orange county, in the colony of New York, appeared this morning and took his ſeat as a Delegate for that colony.

The Congreſs reſumed the conſideration of the means, &c. and after ſeveral hours ſpent thereon, it was referred till to-morrow, to which time the Congreſs was adjourned.

TUESDAY, *Sept.* 27, A. M. The Congreſs met according to adjournment, and reſuming the conſideration of the means moſt proper to be uſed for a reſtoration of American rights,

Reſolved unanimouſly, that from and after the firſt day of December next, there be no importation into Britiſh America from Great Britain or Ireland, of any goods, wares, or merchandiſe whatever, or from any other place, of any ſuch goods, wares, or merchandiſes, as ſhall have been exported from Great Britan or Ireland, and that no ſuch goods, wares, or merchandiſes imported after the ſaid firſt day of December next, be uſed or purchaſed. —— Adjourned till to-morrow.

Wedneſday and Thurſday being taken up in the conſideration and debates on the means, &c. the Congreſs met on Friday, 30th of September, and upon the queſtion,

Reſolved, that from and after the 10th day of September, 1775, the exportation of all merchandiſe and every commodity whatſoever to Great Britain, Ireland, and the Weſt Indies ought to ceaſe, unleſs the grievances of America are redreſſed before that time.

Ordered, that Mr. Cuſhing, Mr. Low, Mr. Mifflin, Mr. Lee, and Mr. Johnſon, be a committee to bring in a plan for carrying into effect, the non-importation, non-conſumption, and non-exportion reſolved on.

WEDNESDAY, *Oct.* 5. An Addreſs from William Goddard, to the Congreſs was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

THURSDAY, *Oct.* 6. The Congreſs reſumed the conſideration of the means proper to be uſed for a reſtoration of American rights. During this debate, an expreſs from Boſton arrived with a letter from the Committee of Correſpondence dated the 29th of September, which was laid before the Congreſs.

In this the Committee of Correſpondence inform the Congreſs, that they "expected ſome regard would have been paid to the petitions preſented to their Governour, againſt fortifying their town in ſuch a manner as can be accounted for only upon the ſuppoſition, that the town and country are to be treated by the ſoldiery as declared enemies; that the entrenchments upon the Neck are nearly completed; that cannon are mounted at the entrance of the town; that it is currently reported, that fortifications are to be erected on Corpſe Hill, Bacon Hill, Fort Hill, &c. ſo that the fortifications, with the ſhips in the harbour may abſolutely command every avenue to the town both by ſea and land; that a number of cannon, the property of a private Gentleman, were a few days ago ſeized and taken from his wharf by order of the General; that from ſeveral circumſtances mentioned in the letter, there is reaſon to apprehend, that Boſton is to be made and kept a garriſoned town; that from all they can hear from Britain, adminiſtration is reſolved to do all in their power to force them to a ſubmiſſion; that when the town is encloſed, it is apprehended the inhabitants will be held as hoſtages for the ſubmiſſion of the country; they apply therefore to the Congreſs for advice how to act; that, if the Congreſs adviſe to quit the town, they obey; if it is judged that by maintaining their ground they can better ſerve the publick cauſe, they will not ſhrink from hardſhip and danger; finally, that as the late acts of Parliament have made it impoſſible that there ſhould be due adminiſtration of juſtice, and all law therefore muſt be ſuſpended; that as the Governour has by Proclamation prevented the meeting of the General Court; they therefore requeſt the advice of the Congreſs."

Ordered, that this letter be taken into conſideration to-morrow morning.

The Congreſs then reſumed the conſideration of the means, &c.

Reſolved, that the committee appointed to prepare the form of an aſſociation, be directed to adopt the following clauſe, viz. that from and after the firſt day of December next, no moloſſes, coffee, or pimenta, from the Britiſh plantations or from Dominica, or wines from Madeira and the Weſtern Iſlands, or foreign indigo be imported into theſe colonies.

FRIDAY, *Oct.* 7. The Congreſs reſumed the conſideration of the letter from the Committee of Correſpondence in Boſton, and after ſome debate,

Reſolved, that a committee be appointed to prepare a letter to his Excellency General Gage, repreſenting "that the town of Boſton and province of Maſſachuſetts Bay, are conſidered by all America as ſuffering in the common cauſe for their noble and ſpirited oppoſition to oppreſſive acts of Parliament calculated to deprive us of our moſt ſacred rights and privileges." Expreſſing our concern, that, while the Congreſs are deliberating on the moſt peaceable means for reſtoring American liberty, and that harmony and intercouſe, which ſubſiſted between us and the parent kingdom ſo neceſſary to both, his Excellency, as they are informed, is raiſing fortifications round the town of Boſton, thereby exciting well grounded jealouſies in the minds of his Majeſty's faithful ſubjects therein, that he means to cut off all communication between them and their brethren in the country, and reduce them to a ſtate of ſubmiſſion to his will, and that the ſoldiers under his Excellency's command, are frequently violating private property, and offering various inſults to the people, which muſt irritate their minds, and if not put a ſtop to, involve all America in the horrours of a civil war. To entreat his Excellency, from the aſſurance we have of the peaceable diſpoſition of the inhabitants of the town of Boſton and the province of the Maſſachuſetts Bay, to diſcontinue his fortifications, and that a free and ſafe communication be reſtored and continued between the town of Boſton and

the country, and prevent all injuries on the part of the troops, until his Majesty's pleasure shall be known, after the measures now adopting shall have been laid before him.

Mr. Lynch, Mr. S. Adams, and Mr. Pendleton, are appointed a committee to draught a letter agreeable to the foregoing resolution.

SATURDAY, *Oct.* 8. The Congress resumed the consideration of the letter from Boston, and upon motion,

Resolved, that this Congress approve the opposition of the inhabitants of the Massachusetts Bay, to the execution of the late Acts of Parliament; and if the same shall be attempted to be carried into execution by force, in such case, all America ought to support them in their opposition.

[*To be concluded in our next.*]

WILLIAMSBURG, *January* 20, 1775.

THE several Counties and Corporations in this Colony are requested to elect Delegates to represent them in Convention, who are desired to meet at the Town of RICHMOND, *in the County of* HENRICO, *on* Monday *the* 20*th of* March *next.*

PEYTON RANDOLPH, MODERATOR.

To Messrs. DIXON & HUNTER.

GENTLEMEN, *Williamsburg, Jan.* 18, 1775.

THE very distinguished Honor conferred by a Reverend Gentleman in making me so free a Tender of his *Orthodoxy* and *Learning* I accept with all that Thankfulness, which is due for Things of such *inestimable* Price. The one was made too *conspicuous* on former Occasions to be now questioned, and, of the other, his last Letter affords the World one of the most admirable Specimens. Beggars we are told have no Right to choose; but, will he pardon me, for once, if I indulge a Wish that he had favoured me with his *Candour* and *Politeness* also; these would have made the Present *complete* and added Grace and Dignity to my Cabinet of Curiosities. The Pleasure arising from a deliberate Consideration of his Letter must, without Doubt, amply recompence the Reader for any Pains he may be at.

The Gentleman finds that I "still persist in the Opinion that the "Queries were written by him." Had I stood in Need of any *additional* Proof, could he have given me one more cogent, than his last elaborate Attempt to justify them? It is to be wished that he had found out another Thing; I mean, that a *Man*, a *Christian* and a *Clergyman*, when he undertakes to state Facts, should be careful to do it *fairly* and *faithfully*, without *mutilating* Sentences, *suppressing* some *material* Parts and adding Things, which had no Existence. He would have us think him at *least* a Dabbler in the Law. How does he understand that Part of the Maxim called *Suppressio Veri*; *a Suppression of the Truth*? My Book tells me that it amounts to a *Suggestio Falsi*; *a Suggestion of Falsehood*. Whether he had such *trifling Things*, as these, in View, when he undertook to examine Mr. Laughton's Testimony, the Gentleman himself can best answer; but the Reader will judge whether he paid a proper Regard to them. I beg your Attention to his curious Relation of the Matter.

"Mr. Laughton *hath* furnished you with a Certificate, which, "from its *Inaccuracy* and *Futility*, I can scarcely suppose was "drawn up by any One, who pretends to be a Lawyer; much "less that it should be offered by a Lawyer as a Proof that I "wrote the Queries, when there is not a *Syllable* to *evince* that "they were written by *me* any more than by *you*; nor that either "Mr. Laughton or *myself* knew *aught* of their *Contents*." The Gentleman, from his Knowledge of the cursory Manner, in which News-Papers are generally read, might have hoped that this would pass current with many for a true State of the Evidence; but could he expect to palm it on those, who read such Things with a tolerable Degree of Attention? He hath long since taught me to be suspicious of every Thing, which drops from his Pen. His very first Outset suggests a Caution. "Mr. Laughton hath furnished "you with a Certificate, &c." as if he would insinuate that I had been tampering with Mr. Laughton, a Store or Book-Keeper to Messr. Purdie and Dixon, and I make no Doubt a very worthy, honest Man. Another plain Suggestion (though introduced with a seeming Irony) is that either I myself drew the Certificate or employed a Gentleman of the Law to do it for me. What Authority had he for either of these Insinuations? In my Letter containing a Copy of the Certificate, and addressed to Messrs. Purdie and Dixon, I told the Public, as the Truth was, that *these Gentlemen* had furnished me with it. If I know Mr. Laughton by Sight, it is as much as I do; but I declare that I never exchanged one Word with him on the Subject. I had, indeed, heard what he could say, but knew Nothing of the Certificate till it was delivered to me in the identical Words, in which it was published. As to its *Inaccuracy*, it may not, perhaps, be trick'd up so much like a *whipt Syllabub*, as the Gentleman would have done it; or it may not be so *pointed*, as a certain RECANTATION of his *own inditing* formerly was; but I will venture to say it carries with it something more material; I mean the authentic Marks of *Honesty* and *Truth*. In Respect to the *Futility*, with which the Certificate stands charged, your Readers will judge whether it doth not fully answer the Purpose, for which it was produced. But it seems he can scarcely *suppose* that a *Lawyer* would offer such a Certificate as a Proof that he wrote the Queries, when there is not a Syllable to *evince* that they were *written* by *him* any more than by *me*. Having long since given over the Practice of the Law, I do not know whether I may venture to rank myself amongst Gentlemen of that learned Profession; but, from the little Smattering I have left, I will venture to pronounce that there are *many Syllables* contained in the Certificate sufficient to *evince* the Fact. Let the Question be proposed to an Hundred Men, whether from such Evidence *the Rev. Mr. Henley* was or was not, in their Opinions, the *Author* of the Queries, and I will again hazard my first *Guess* that, *at least*, ninety nine of them would answer in the *Affirmative*. This is not the first Instance, in which the Gentleman has endeavoured to shelter himself under a Defect of *positive Proof* to fix a Charge of *Authorship* upon him, though from the *Secrecy* and *Privacy* of the Transaction, the many Doublings and Windings made Use of, it could hardly have been expected. He should consider with a little more Attention the Nature of Evidence arising from Circumstances. Some are so slight as to induce only a Suspicion; these ought to have but little Weight; but there are *other Circumstances so strong* and *stubborn* in their Nature, as to create a *violent Presumption*, and these, I think, my old Acquaintance LORD COKE used to tell me amount to *plena Probatio*; *a full Proof*. From a Combination of such *overbearing Circumstances*, I concluded the Gentleman to be the Author of the Queries; with how much Justice and Propriety others may judge. It may be remembered, and, if it should have been forgotton by any of your Readers, I must desire their Attention to my last Letter, that I did not so much rely on his being the Author of the Queries; but insisted on his having *approved* and *published* them, which I thought made him as culpable, if not more so, than the *Author* himself. Of this Fact the Proof adduced was *direct* and *positive*; though he is pleased to assert that there was not in Mr. Laughton's Certificate one *Syllable* to evince that either Mr. Laughton or *he* had any Knowledge of the Contents of the Queries. The *Letter* mentioned in the Certificate, as I understand, was nothing more than the usual Address to the Printers desiring them to publish the underwritten Queries and signed "An Associator." This Letter Mr. Laughton declares was delivered to him OPEN by Mr. Henley, "which he said was sent to him to be published;" but told Mr. Laughton, "he did not choose that any One should know it "came from *him*, unless Mr. Purdie." I don't find that, in any part of his Letter, the Gentleman *positively* denies (and I suppose he thinks Nothing is to be regarded but what is *very positive*) that he was *acquainted* with the Contents of the Letter delivered; but his Insinuation that this Fact had not been proved must surely amount to the same Thing; at least, here is the *Suppressio Veri*. I submit it that the Fact was clearly proved beyond Contradiction. The Letter was *open*, when he delivered it, and who can doubt his having examined the Contents? Suppose it had been sealed; the Proof is equally strong that *he knew* the Contents, and that he was *conscious* of his doing a Thing, which he ought not; else, why the Caution given to Mr. Laughton to keep *his Delivering it* a *Secret* from every One *except* Mr. Purdie? Give me Leave to examine a little farther the Gentleman's own Account of this dirty Piece of Business.

He says "the only Concern I had with it was to *transmit* it to "the Printer." By a strange Kind of Logick, and, from *his new System of Morality*, he endeavours to persuade us that he should have committed a Breach of a *moral Duty*, if he had not complied with his Engagement. I should have supposed it would rather have been a Sort of Violence offered to Morality in the first Instance for so *strict a Moralist* to undertake the Publication of a *scandalous Libel*; whether his prosecuting such an Engagement to Effect contributed towards *healing* the first *Breach* of Duty must be submitted to his own *peculiar* Sort of Casuistry. It would no Doubt, give mortal Offence to so great a *Master* of Language and the true *Sublime*, were I to presume, in any Instance, to question the Propriety of his *Diction*; I must therefore suppose that he annexes proper and adequate Ideas to all his Expressions. What are we then to understand by his *transmitting* the Letter to the Printer? This surely cannot mean that he delivered it with his *own Hand*. My Suspicions are up again; and I cannot but suppose that there was some *latent Design* to leave an Impression on the Minds of his Readers that he barely received the Letter and *transmitted* it to the Printer by a Messenger, as any *innocent* Person might have done, without knowing the Contents. The Passage here remarked appears about the Middle of the Letter, but it would have served as an excellent Introduction to that *inimitable Comparison* drawn between the Writer and my Servant. Surely this could not have been intended to illustrate that excellent *Rule of the Schools* lately discovered, that *Similies should run upon All-Fours*; this does not seem to limp on a single Toe. Fidus, a *trusty*, *faithful Servant*, indeed, though, at the same Time, so illiterate, as not to know a Letter in a Book, much less capable of reading what is written in a *cramp*, *disguised Hand*, is here supposed to be sent with a Letter to the Printer; he is not told, nor hath he any Means of knowing the Contents of this Letter; he very innocently delivers it, as directed; it turns out to be an infamous Libel. What Man of Sense would blame poor Fidus for this? And who, but Mr. Henley, would have insulted the Understanding of his Readers by such a Comparison? Surely a *Blister*, the *strait Waistcoat* or some other *topical Application* would have been extremely *seasonable* to prevent so strange and wild a *Reverie*. Were Fidus, poor Fellow, a *Dabbler* in Books, and capable of writing so *cleverly*, he might, with strict *Justice* to himself, have resented the *Comparison* and told the Gentleman in the Words of Mr. Pope,

"*Honor* and *Shame* from no *Condition* rise;
"Act *well* your Part; there all the *Honor* lies, &c.

I am now led to take a little Notice of what our *very learned* Writer is pleased to honor with the Appellation of *stark Nonsense*. He had, in his first Letter, avered "that the Queries in Question "(*whoever was their Author*) were not *written* by him nor with "*his Knowledge*." This I could not but consider as a plain and *designed* Insinuation that he really did not know who the Author was; and, in Answer to it, after stating the Proofs, I said, "that the Queries were written with his Knowledge either *preced-* "*ing* or *subsequent* no One can doubt." In full Expectation of involving me in an Absurdity, he asks, "how could I possibly "know that the Queries were *written* before they were *written*? "Or, if they were written before I knew it, how doth a subse- "quent Knowledge of the Fact make me the Writer?" It is obvious that, in this Passage, I was only speaking of his *Knowledge* of the Author. Well aware how very slippery a Gentleman I had to deal with, I resolved to endeavour, at least, to cut off every Subterfuge he might endeavour to skulk under. He hath, to get rid of this Embarrassment, distorted some of my Expressions and misrepresented others; I am sure my Words will not bear the Sense or rather Nonsense, he has endeavoured to expose them to. I grant he could not *know* the Queries were *written*, that is (if his Critique has any Meaning) *were actually committed to Paper*, before they were *so committed to Paper*; but still I say he might have been acquainted with their Author and had such a *preceding Knowledge*, as I spoke of. Suppose, for Instance, a Person should, in Confidence, tell me that he designed to write such and such Queries; it is possible that I might *assist* him with my Thoughts on the Occasion; the Queries afterwards appear in Print, and were, perhaps, conveyed to the Press through my Means; could I, consistent with Truth, *suggest* that I did not *know* the *Author*, or say that they were written without my Knowledge? And might not this, with strict Propriety, be called a previous or *preceding* Knowledge? Again; suppose I had never heard of such Queries, till after they were written; the Author delivers or sends them to me with a Request to have them published; could I, consistent with Truth, suggest that I did not know the Author, or, without *Prevarication*, say that they were *written without my Knowledge*? And might not this properly enough be called a subsequent Knowledge? The Gentleman's *Hypothesis*, "if they were written "before I knew it," is of his own *coining* and was thrust in purely to introduce this Question, "how doth a subsequent "Knowledge of the Fact make me the Writer?" I never said that it did, nor any Thing like it; so that here the Gentleman is plainly contending *without an Opponent*, and his Triumph, if any, must be enjoyed without *any Sort of Victory*.

His Strictures on my Observations respecting his Law Maxim are equally interesting and curious with the foregoing. To analyze and explain this Part of the Subject properly, I should be obliged to quote a large Portion of my Answer to the Querist's third Accusation; but this, I fear, would require a much greater Indulgence, than I can have any Right to ask either of you or the Public. I must therefore take the Liberty of referring your Readers to that Part of my first Letter. Upon revising it, I am persuaded that they will be able to detect the Gentleman's Sophistry almost at a Glance. Permit me, however, at present, to pay a proper Respect to that fundamental Principle of Christianity, which he hath quoted and which neither of us ought ever to lose Sight of. "Whatsoever ye would that Men should do unto you, "do ye even so to them." It seems, in the Gentleman's Opinion, that I have transgressed this *sacred Rule* by retorting the Law Maxim quoted against me by the Querist. But how have I done this? I did, indeed; question the Propriety of that Maxim, as it was applied to me. Had it been given up, I should have said no more about it; but presuming that the Querist still relied upon it as one of his strong Holds, I indeed wanted to re-call the Gentleman's Attention to what was held out to me as "a Rule "of common and legal Justice," and think I shewed clearly that he had transgressed it in a most flagrant Manner. His Skill and Ingenuity in turning the Tables upon me is *stupendous*. He first relies on a Maxim, which he will not allow me the equal Use of, and then complains that I refuse him a Privilege, which I claim to myself.—So much for his *Predicates*—a hard Word in Logick, which the Gentleman will do well to understand a little better, than he seems to do at present.

Upon what Occasion the Gentleman hath found me *vapouring* on my *Orthodoxy* and *Rectitude* I am at a Loss to discover, unless it is to be collected from the Exercise of an *essential* Part of my Duty, as a Vestryman of this Parish, in shewing him *deficient* in both these *Qualities*: *But for this*, I should never have concerned myself with him. According to his Notion of Things, I suppose, whenever he *reprobates* Vice, we are to understand his *Lecture* as an *Encomium* on his *own Virtue*; whenever he attempts to expose what he may be pleased to call *Bigotry* to an *established Church*, we are to consider it as a *Panegyrick* on the *Profundity* of his own *free thinking*; and whenever he *pours* forth his Complaints of being *ill* used and treated with *Severity*, we are to believe him made up of *Modesty*, *Politeness*, &c. though his Pen is so often dipt in *Gall*, and his Language consists of the *Filth* and *Off-scourings* of *Billingsgate*. He is exceedingly mistaken in supposing that the *Queries* have left any *Soreness* about me, or that I required any Length of Time to grow *calm*. I have said the Truth in acknowledging that I was *irritated* at my *first* reading them; but, had the Gentleman felt my Pulse ever since, he would have found it perfectly *serene*. I neither *fret* nor *foam* at the *Author* or *Publisher*, but leave them both, *if they really are distinct Persons*, to the *Strictures* of their own Consciences, and to the *Justice* of the more *impartial* World.

If *Suspicions* to my *Prejudice* had prevailed so *extensively*, as is insinuated, it became the more necessary for me to remove them; perhaps, in *this Respect*, I may be under some Obligations to the *Querist* for giving me an Opportunity of doing it, however *awkward* and *ungracious* his Method of conferring *Favours*. If my Answer was thought *tedious* by the Gentleman or his *Friend*, the *Levisator*, of *facetious* and *Hudibrastick Talents*; they should recollect that the *Thesis* given me to write upon consisted of three important *Members*; these I was under a Necessity of dissecting, and a few Things were thrown in for the Use of certain *Coadjutors*, who it is hoped have found the Cap to fit them tolerably well, and they are at full Liberty to *wear* it.

The Gentleman's Declaration, that he never did and never intends to write any Thing TO me without the Signature of his *Name*, may seem fair and honest; without Question, such an *undaunted Resolution* will meet with the Applause it deserves; but can he say that he never wrote any Thing OF me and to my *Prejudice* under a borrowed Signature? The most timid and *dangerous* Animal, when driven from its Covert and closely pursued, will, *at last*, exhibit a Kind of Fortitude extremely like what he *boasts* of. Be pleased to observe, it is not intended that this Simile should run on *all fours*; I would only have the *parallel* Lines of it measured.

Mr. Norton will judge of the Gentleman's *Regard* for his Character by the Fruits it hath produced; and no Doubt, must hold himself obliged to look out and provide for him much greater Delicacies, than are to be culled from common, paltry *News-Papers*.

If an Apology should be thought necessary for the Trouble to very disagreeable a Contest may have given you or the Public, I have only to hope that it will be remembered in what Manner I was dragged into it. I formerly cut *short* another Dispute the same Gentleman had *wantonly* involved me in. I thought it *unreasonable* that any internal Differences, *of whatever Kind*, should appear amongst us; and, though I had, in my own Opinion, at least, provided the most ample Materials, I declined answering the latter Part of his extraordinary *Pamphlet*, leaving to him the full Enjoyment of his *supposed* Victory; but these Laurels, it seems, were not adequate to his Ambition.

I shall still retain the same Signature, which I used at first merely in *Contrast* to *that* assumed by the *Querist*, but not with the most distant Wish to have my *real Name* concealed.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your most obedient Servant,
THE REAL ASSOCIATOR.

BOSTON, *December* 29.

A GENTLEMAN is arrived at Salem, in a vessel from Cape Nichola Mole, which he left the 17th of November. Just as he was coming away, a vessel arrived from the island of Cuba, which she left only two days before, the master of which informed him that he was obliged to quit the island in the greatest hurry, and leave all his cargo behind, there being so many Spanish vessels cruising to intercept all provision vessels bound to the island of Jamaica, that it was hardly possible for any to escape. This may be depended on as a fact, and all the French and Spaniards were employed night and day in repairing and building fortifications with the greatest expedition, and furnishing all their garrisons with a large stock of provisions and ammunition. During his stay at the Mole, transports were arriving daily with troops and provisions.

We hear that on Friday last a soldier of the 64th regiment was found froze to death on Dorchester Neck.

Last Saturday morning one William Ferguson, a soldier of the 10th regiment, lately arrived from Quebec, aged 28, was shot at the bottom of the common in this town, for desertion.

NEWPORT (RHODE ISLAND) *Dec.* 26.

BY late letters from Bristol and London, the people in these cities are extremely enraged at the measures pursuing against America; some of which letters intimate, that if the ministerial plans are not changed for the better, the Parliament House will not be suffered to stand.

Last Monday a brig arrived here from England, loaded with military stores, on account of government, *so called*. She had 11 weeks passage, and we hear is bound to New York.

The people of New London, and adjacent towns, a few days past, removed 40 pieces of cannon from New London harbour, back into the country, out of the reach of highlea robbers.

We hear General Gage has sent a number of spies into the country; and we dare say, that the more he spies the less he will like to commence hostilities! We also hear, that some *few* of those spies have returned, and pronounced the people all over the country *mad*—with the spirit of liberty and military discipline!

WILLIAMSBURG, *Jan.* 21.

WEDNESDAY last being the day for celebrating the birth of her Majesty, his Excellency the Earl of Dunmore gave a ball and elegant entertainment at the Palace to a numerous company of Ladies and Gentlemen. The same day his Lordship's youngest daughter was baptized by the name of VIRGINIA.

On Saturday last were united in holy matrimony, BEVERLEY RANDOLPH, Esq; of Chatsworth, to Miss MARTHA COCKE, eldest daughter of James Cocke, Esq; of this city. In this amiable couple every manly and tender virtue conspire to render the marriage state completely happy.

"Perpetual harmony their bed attend,
"And Hymen still the well-match'd pair befriend.
"May she, when time has sunk him into years,
"Love her old man, and cherish his white hairs;
"Nor he perceive her charms through age decay,
"But think each happy turn his bridal day."

MART. EPIG.

Deaths.] Mrs. ANNE TAYLOR, spouse of Mr. William Taylor, merchant of New Kent. She was universally beloved, and she has not left a woman of a more humane temper and generous disposition behind her. Last Wednesday her obsequies, attended by a numerous train of relations and friends, were deposited in the family grave yard at Winterham, in Amelia.

Mrs. ANNE SHERMER, relict of the late Mr. John Shermer of James City county, whose death was mentioned in our last.

PORTSMOUTH, *Jan.* 12, Last week a deputation from this town waited on Capt. Montague, and the other Gentlemen officers on board his Majesty's ship the Fowey, and delivered them a card of thanks for the important aid they afforded at a late alarming fire in that town, and for the constant readiness they have always shewn to assist every trading vessel in distress.——The address was politely received; and Captain Montague having thanked them, was pleased to say, "He ever would be disposed to grant every assistance in his power, when consistent with his duty."

By his EXCELLENCY *the Right Hon.* JOHN *Earl of* DUNMORE, *his Majesty's Lieutenant and Governor General of the Colony and Dominion of* VIRGINIA, *and Vice Admiral of the same:*

A PROCLAMATION.

VIRGINIA, to wit.

WHEREAS the General Assembly stands prorogued to the first *Thursday* in the next Month, but it is judged expedient that they should be farther prorogued, I have therefore thought proper, by and with the Consent and Advice of his Majesty's Council, farther to prorogue the said Assembly to the first *Thursday* in *May* next.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Seal of the Colony, this 19th Day of *January*, in the fifteenth Year of his Majesty's Reign.

DUNMORE.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be sold by DIXON and HUNTER, at their PRINTING OFFICE, in WILLIAMSBURG,

The OFFICE and AUTHORITY OF A JUSTICE of PEACE

Explained and digested under proper Titles.

TO WHICH ARE ADDED,

Full and correct PRECEDENTS of all Kinds of PROCESS necessary to be used by Magistrates; in which also the Duty of SHERIFFS, and other PUBLICK OFFICERS, is properly discussed. By RICHARD STARKE, Esquire.

☞ *An* APPRENTICE *to the Printing Business is wanted at this Office, a Lad about 14 Years of Age, with a tolerable Education.*

ABOUT 600l. Sterling Worth of EUROPEAN GOODS to be sold at a low Advance for Cash, or short Credit. For Terms inquire of the Printers.

SOUTHAMPTON County, *Jan.* 9, 1775.

THE Subscriber purchased of *Thomas Owen*, late of *Pittsylvania* County, in the Colony of *Virginia*, 500 Acres of Land, situate in the County of *Gilford*, and Province of *North Carolina*, for which he was to pay the said *Owen* the Consideration of 360 Pounds *Virginia* Currency, at four different Payments; and having paid the two first Payments, and not having any Right or Title made me to the said Land, except that I have an Assignment of Mr. *John Ward*'s Bond to the said *Thomas Owen* for the Performance of the Title of the said Land: And as I am apprehensive that the said *Ward* will not convey the said Land to me without Compulsion, I therefore think myself at Liberty not to make any further Payments, either to the said *Owen* or any other Person to whom he may assign my Bond, until I have a proper Title to the Land above mentioned; of which all Persons will take Notice.

EDWARD HARRIS.

JOURNEYMEN Shoemakers, who understand making Boots and Men's Wood Heel Shoes, by applying to the Printers, may be informed where they can meet with great Encouragement.

TO BE SOLD,

On WEDNESDAY *the 2d of* FEBRUARY, *if fair, otherwise next fair Day,*

THE Houses and Lots, with a good Well of Water, belonging to the late *Matthew Teuwell*, deceased, pleasantly situated in *St. Mary*'s Street, leading to the *Capitol Landing*.—At the same Time will be sold a great Variety of exceeding good Houshold and Kitchen Furniture, Carpenters, Joiners, and Turners Tools, a Quantity of Timber, Plank, Boards, and Pipe Staves, a Riding Chair, Cart, *&c.*—Six Months Credit will be allowed for all Sums above 50s. upon Bond with sufficient Security.

ALL Persons that are indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate Payment; those who have any Demands against it are desired to bring them in, properly authenticated.

MARY TEUWELL, Executrix.

WANTED,

A TUTOR properly qualified to teach Latin, Writing, and Arithmetick, and can be well recommended. Apply to

(2) ROBERT BEVERLEY.

BLANDFIELD (Essex) *Jan.* 14, 1775.

BY Direction of the *Williamsburg* Committee, will be disposed of, at publick Sale, for ready Money, before Mr. *John Greenhow*'s Door, on *Wednesday* the 25th Instant, several Packages of EUROPEAN GOODS, imported in the Ship *Alexander*, Capt. *Ker*, from *Liverpool*, and by the Owners delivered to the Committee to be sold, agreeable to the tenth Article of the Continental Congress.

By Order of the Committee,

(1) MATTHEW DAVENPORT, Clk.

The Sale to begin at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

FOR SALE,

For ready Money, at the Plantation where Capt. HENRY GILBERT *lately lived, in the upper End of* HANOVER *County,*

ABOUT 300 Barrels of Corn, which will be delivered by Mr. *John Huckstep* (now Overseer on the said Plantation for Col. *Thomas Nelson*) on Application being first made to

HANOVER Town, *Jan.* 10, 1775. } THOMAS SIMPSON.

PRINCE EDWARD, *Dec.* 1, 1775.

WHEREAS my Wife *Delphia* hath been a naughty, furious Housewife for some Years past, and hath invented, and reported certain Slanders, to the Prejudice of my Character, and hath often threatened to ruin me, which she hath in some Part effected: This is therefore to forewarn all Merchants and others, from crediting her on my Account, as I will pay no Debts of her contracting; and I do hereby forewarn all Persons from receiving at her Hand, any Goods or Chattels, appertaining to me, as they will answer the same at their Peril.

THOMAS COLDWELL.

THOUGH I advertised, not long since, my Coal at 10 d. per Bushel, ready Money, yet, from the Difficulty of receiving the Cash, and obtaining the Coal out of deep Pits, I am induced to declare that I will not take less than 12 d. a Bushel ready Money, or the Assumpsit of some substantial Merchant in *Warwick*, *Manchester*, or *Richmond*, for the Payment of the same in six Months from the Delivery of the Coal. Those who have hitherto been punctual may expect the same Credit as formerly. SAMUEL DU VAL.

FREDERICKSBURG, *Jan.* 10, 1775.

ALL Gentlemen Planters, Farmers, and others, will be pleased to take Notice that the Store lately kept by Mr. *George Mitchell* of *Fredericksburg*, for Account of *Robert Jardine* of *London*, is now managed and directed by the Principal, who is come in for that Purpose; therefore all Debts due to that Concern will be received by him and his Assistant, *John Monro*, who is properly authorised: And the said *Robert Jardine*, for the Encouragement of all Gentlemen indebted to his Store, will allow, over and above every Store in *Fredericksburg*, 18. per Hundred for Tobacco, and 3d. per Bushel for Wheat, in Payment of their Debts, till the 4th Day of *September* next.——He has for Sale a Quantity of very neat HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, with some very fine large LOOKING-GLASSES, and a large Quantity of the most excellent PORT WINE that ever was in this Colony, which is now above 5 Years old; also about 50 Dozen of LONDON PORTER, fine OLD SPIRIT, WEST INDIA and CONTINENT RUM, SUGARS, *&c.* which will be sold exceeding cheap for ready Money, or short Credit, by their humble Servant,

4 ROBERT JARDINE.

CABIN POINT, *Jan.* 3, 1775.

RAN away from the Brig *Innermay*, lying at *Brandon*, on the 27th of *December*, an Apprentice Lad named WILLIAM JOHNSTON, about 17 or 18 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, is of a swarthy Complexion, a little pitted with the Smallpox, and knock-kneed. He was born in or near *Williamsburg*, where it is supposed he is now harboured; and was bound by Order of *James City* Court to a Staymaker in *Surry* County. He carried away a new Sailor's Jacket and Breeches of blue Duffil, with white Metal Buttons, and lined with white Plaid, a green Jacket pretty much worn, a blue and white broad striped Cotton and Thread under Jacket, Country made Shoes and Stockings, one or two Pair of Sailor's Trousers, and his Bed Clothes. Whoever secures him so that I get him again shall have 15s. Reward. All Captains of Ships, or Masters of Vessels, are forewarned from carrying him out of the Country, or employing him. JAMES BELCHES.

CABIN POINT, *January* 13, 1774.

RUN away from the Subscriber, in *Brandon* Parish, *Prince George* County, a Negro Fellow named ADAM, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, 23 Years of Age, *Virginia* born, and remarkably artful; had on, when he ran off, an Osnabrug Shirt, a Negro Cotton Jacket, a Pair of old blue Cloth Breeches, and Cotton Gambadoes. Whoever secures the said Runaway in any of his Majesty's Gaols, so that I may get him again, or delivers him to me, shall have 20s. Reward.

1‖ JAMES NIBLET.

NEWCASTLE, *Dec.* 22, 1774.

RUN away on the 10th Day of *December*, 1774, WILLIAM SMITH, a *Scotchman*, who is about 23 Years of Age, and about 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, speaks very bad *English*, has a yellow Complexion, a long Visage, a down Look, dark coloured hair, and a Mould on his right Cheek. He had on, when he went away, a light coloured Broadcloth Coat, which is broke at the Elbows, and with very few Buttons on it, a pale blue Duroy Waistcoat, a Pair of deep blue Sagathy Breeches, coarse Shoes, several Pair of Stockings, Steel Buckles, a coarse Felt Hat, a Newmarket Coat of light Bath Coating, no thound, but stitched on the Edges, with Deathhead Buttons on it, a Pair of Wrappers, rather of a darker Colour than the Newmarket Coat, and a large Spur, plated with Silver; he likewise carried off with him, a black Satin Capuchin, a Piece of new *Virginia* Cloth, containing eight Yards, striped with blue and Copperas, and emptied a Bolster of Feathers to carry them in. He is very sickly, and stole out of my Stable a black Horse, with a great many white Hairs about his Head, Neck, and Rump, with remarkable long Ears, which stand strait up, and very near together, and branded on his near Shoulder R C, and likewise on his near Buttock R C, with the same Mark above it, and is about 4 Feet 8 Inches high. He also stole a Saddle, and double Rein Bridle, about Half worn, a Saddle Cloth, striped across with red, and bound with red Ferret. He has a Discharge from the Earl of Dunmore's Clerk, which he is very fond of shewing. I hereby offer a Reward of FIFTY SHILLINGS for apprehending the said *Smith*, and securing the Horse, so that I may get him again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken out of the Colony. It is expected he will make for *Wilmington*, in *North Carolina*, as he has a Brother's Widow living there, who moved from *Virginia* some Time since. JOHN COCKBURN.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 1st of *January*, a middling dark Mulatto named STEPHEN, about 21 Years of Age, and thick made; had on, when he went off, a Negro Cotton Waistcoat and Breeches, an Osnabrug Shirt, and Negro made Shoes, with Pegs drove in the Soals; his Hair is cut off the Top of his Head, and but little remains at the Sides. He carried with him a white Mulatto Woman Slave named PHEBE, whose Hair is long, straight, and black; she had on a blue Waistcoat and Petticoat, and took with her two new Osnabrug Shirts, and a Suit of striped *Virginia* Cloth; she is about 21 Years of Age. They also carried off two Osnabrug Shirts, 6 or 7 Ells of Rolls, a new *Dutch* Blanket; and one about Half worn. It is imagined they will make for *Carolina*, and endeavour to pass for free People. All Persons are forewarned from harbouring them, at their Peril. Whoever brings them to me, or secures them in any Gaol, so that I may get them again, shall have the above Reward.

HENRY HARDAWAY.

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

STOLEN out of the Subscriber's Stable, in *Williamsburg*, a large bay HORSE about 5 Feet high, a Star in his Forehead, both hind Feet white, his fore Hoofs cracked, and branded on the near Buttock with the Letter T. Whoever brings him to me in this City, shall receive the above Reward. W. F. BICKERTON.

COROTOMAN, *Dec.* 28, 1774.

THREE or four SHOP-JOINERS, who are capable of executing the best Wainscot Work, may meet with Employment, and good Wages, from the Subscriber, in *Lancaster* County.

(4) CHARLES CARTER.

JANUARY 3, 1775.

THE PARTNERSHIP between *Charles Hammond* and myself being dissolved, the several Persons indebted to the Stores kept by him on *Broad Run*, and in *Fauquier* County, are to settle with, and pay their respective Balances to CUTHBERT HARRISON.

NORFOLK, *January* 4, 1775.

BY Direction of the Committee for this County, on *Monday* the 23d Instant, will be disposed of, at publick Sale, for ready Money, seven Parcels of Goods, containing Check Handkerchiefs, ¾ Check, striped Holland, Bedtick, *Irish* Linen, Mens Hose, Thread, Osnabrug, Cutlery and other Hardware, Snuff and Barley, imported in the *Richmond*, Captain *Patterson*, from *Glasgow*, by Mr. *Thomas M'Culloch*, and by him delivered to the Committee to be disposed of agreeable to the tenth Article of the Continental Congress.

By Order of the Committee,

2 BENJAMIN CROOKER, Clk.

WANTED,

A PERSON who can come well recommended, unexceptionable in Point of Character, willing to undertake the Education of Children and Youth of both Sexes, and is qualified to teach the *English*, *Latin*, and *Greek* Languages in their Purity and Elegance; also Writing, Arithmetick, Accounts, and the Mathematicks. Such a Person will meet with good Encouragement from the Inhabitants of this Town, which is pleasantly situated on the River *Rappahannock*, in the Neighbourhood of a plentiful and thick inhabited Part of the Country. Here is a commodious School-House, lately built on the publick Lots, the free Use of which, for a Term of Years, will be granted, for the Purpose of establishing a Seminary, to any Gentleman who is properly qualified, and will settle here in the above-mentioned Capacity. There is no Doubt but a comfortable and genteel Living may be made of the School by a Man of Character, Diligence, and Abilities: It will be useless for any other to apply.

PORT ROYAL, *December* 28, 1774.

FREDERICKSBURG, *January* 3, 1775.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership betwixt HORNER and WARD, of this Place, is dissolved; and all Persons who stand indebted to them are to pay the same to *William Horner*, who will discharge any Debts due from them.

WILLIAM HORNER.
JAMES WARD.

☞ MY Affairs requiring my Return to *England* as soon as possible, I shall be greatly obliged to those Persons indebted as above that will enable me to do so, by a speedy Payment.---I have a few *European* and other GOODS remaining on Hand, which I will dispose of, Wholesale or Retail, on the most reasonable Terms, for ready Money, Tobacco, or Wheat.

8 WILLIAM HORNER.

To be SOLD

At BLANDFORD, *to the highest Bidders, on* THURSDAY *the 2d of* FEBRUARY, *if fair, otherwise next fair Day,*

TWELVE or thirteen exceeding likely SLAVES, belonging to Mr. *Neil Buchanan*, Senior, consisting of Men, Women, and Boys. Most of the Women are valuable House Servants, and can sew, spin, wash, iron, and cook. Credit will be allowed till the 25th of *April* 1776, on giving Bond, with approved Security; the Bonds that are not discharged when due to bear Interest from the Date.

BOSLIN, near *Blandford*, Jan. 2.) CHARLES DUNCAN, Attorney for Mr. BUCHANAN.

TO BE SOLD,

On the fourth THURSDAY *in* MARCH *next, being* PITTSYLVANIA *Court Day, by Virtue of a Deed of Trust from Mr.* JAMES ROBERTS,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND lying in the said County, containing about 400 Acres, being the Land whereon the Courthouse stands, near 100 Acres of which are cleared, and in good Order for Cropping. It is well calculated for a Taverner, as there are sundry Houses built for that Purpose, and is rented, this Year, for sixty Pounds. There are 50 Acres laid off in Lots for a Town, on several of which are Houses built that will suit Tradesmen.-----At the same Time will be sold, several NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women, and Children, among whom are two valuable Women House Servants; also Stocks of all Kinds. A good Title will be made, and the Terms agreed on at the Day of Sale, which shall be as convenient for the Purchaser as the Case will admit.

WILLIAM TUNSTALL.

TO BE SOLD,

Under the Direction of the Committee for the County of CHARLES CITY, *on* SATURDAY *the 28th Instant, at the Store of* AMOS *and* JAMES LADD *in the said County,*

SUNDRY Parcels of Goods lately imported from *Great Britain*. The Goods to be sold in Lots not over ten Pounds Value, and the Purchasers to pay the Purchase Money to the Subscribers upon the Delivery of the Articles bought.

W. GREEN MUNFORD.
WILLIAM GREGORY.
(2) PETER ROYSTER.
THOMAS HOLT.
JAMES EPPES.

TO BE LET

To the highest Bidder, for one, two, or three Years, on SATURDAY *the 28th Instant,*

THAT pleasant and healthy Situation belonging to the Estate of *Robert Crawley*, deceased, about 3 Miles from *Williamsburg*, on which Plantation are two small Orchards of bearing Apple Trees, a Variety of Cherry and other Fruit Trees, and a Spring of excellent Water very convenient. There are also several small Tenements belonging to the Estate, which may all be leased together, or separate, as may be agreed on that Day. Bond, with approved Security, will be required.

(2) JOHN FERGUSSON.

BERKLEY (Charles City) *January* 9, 1775.

RAN away from the Subscriber, the 8th Instant, a clear Mulatto Fellow named NICK, by Trade a Mill-wright, is about 25 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, well set, speaks and walks very quick, has a Scar over one of his Eyes, and his Fingers much marked, by being often cut. He generally wears Leather Breeches, and a gray Great Coat, but has a Variety of Clothes. Some little Time since he was whipped, and has many fresh Marks on his Back. Whoever brings him to me shall have 3l. Reward, or 40s. for securing him in any Gaol, so that I may get him again. He is so very artful that he will escape from any One who is not extremely careful. He ran away some Time ago, and hired himself as a Freeman at a Saw Mill, either in *Isle of Wight* or *Nansemond*, and it is supposed may take the same Route.

(tf) BENJAMIN HARRISON.

CHARLES CITY, [illegible] 1775.

STOLEN out of the Subscriber's Stable, last Night, a small bay HORSE about 4 Feet [illegible] Inches high, 5 or 6 Years old, has a black Mane and Tail, shod before, and has a small Sore on the left Side of his Back which was hurt by a Saddle. The said Horse was taken from the Estate of [illegible] Esquire, deceased, in *Lunenburg*, by the Sheriff of this County, and sold at the Courthouse of this County, last Court Day. Whoever brings him to me shall have 3l. Reward, and 6l. if the Offender is brought to Justice.

ROBERT [illegible]

POETS CORNER.

A PIOUS REFLECTION.

LET epicures their giddy ſchemes advance,
Religion ſcorn, and make a God of chance;
Let fate, eternal, fill the ſtoic's breaſt,
That bane of pleaſure, and of truth the peſt;
Let erring ſophiſts Providence deny,
The wond'ring vulgar gods unnumber'd ſpy;
Let Egypt's ſons the crocodile adore,
And artful prieſts delight in myſtic lore;
Let weſtern climes, a wild untutor'd race,
Invoke the riſing ſun with proſtrate face;
Let ancient Britons fancied rites deviſe,
And paint their ſkins the colour of the ſkies;
Let modern witlings ſceptic dreams inveſt,
Abuſing powers for nobler purpoſe lent:—
I ſee a God confeſs'd in nature's frame;
A God of glory earth and Heaven proclaim.
Eſſence divine! A ſpirit wiſe and pure!
His power unequal'd, and his promiſe ſure.
Infinite love throughout creation ſhines;
Eternal mercy grav'd in ſacred lines.
I fear a God, who gave to nature birth,
Heav'd the huge mountains, ſtubborn ribs of earth;
With paſtures deck'd the humble vale below,
And taught the Ocean where his waves ſhould flow.
The ſportive lambs, that dance on yonder hill,
The drowſy murmurs of the falling rill,
The milky herds, that rove along the plain,
The ſcaly forms, that gambol in the main,
The fleecy clouds, that float the dappl'd ſky,
The feather'd ſwarms, that thro' the azure fly,
Declare the Godhead to the liſt'ning ear,
Inflame my love, and raiſe my holy fear.
Oh! may that pow'r, of ev'ry pow'r ſupreme,
Illume my footſteps with a heav'nly beam!
Conduct me ſafe thro' life's uncertain day,
And gild the ev'ning with a glorious ray!
Then will I praiſe him to my lateſt breath,
And with his honours, when I ſink in death;
In future worlds the joyful theme purſue,
And riſe to rapture, when I wake anew.

WILLIAMSBURG, January 2, 1775.

HAVING thought fit to entruſt the Settlement of our late Partnerſhip Books, and the Collection of our Debts, to Mr. HENRY LAUGHTON of this City; we ſhall be much obliged to all Perſons in Arrears to us to diſcharge their Accounts by the laſt of the enſuing General Court, after which Time ſuch as remain unpaid will be ſent out to the Sheriffs of the different Counties; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the Concern, preceding this Date, are deſired to ſettle in their Accounts immediately.

ALEXANDER PURDIE.
JOHN DIXON.

AMELIA, *January* 7, 1775.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, about the 10th of *May* laſt, a light Mulatto Fellow named DICK, about 19 or 20 Years old, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, has dark Eyes, a buſhy Head of dark Hair, a Scar on his upper Lip, and a down Look. He was taken up in *Norfolk* laſt *October* or *November*, and brought up *James* River as high as Mrs. *Cocke*'s, in *Charles City*, but made his Eſcape, and is ſuppoſed to be returned to *Norfolk*, or *Portſmouth*, as he was employed there by ſeveral different Perſons as a Freeman. He was formerly the Property of Dr. Strachan of *King William*, and underſtands ſomething of the Carpenter's Trade. I will give 40s. Reward for having him committed to any of his Majeſty's Jails, if taken in the Colony of *Virginia*, and 5l. if out of the Colony. All Maſters of Veſſels are hereby forewarned from carrying him out of the Country, or employing him. (ll) ANTHONY LAMB.

TAKEN up, in *Cumberland*, a bright bay MARE 4 or 5 Years old, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, with a Star in her Forehead, a Snip on her Noſe, and branded on the near Buttock, but not intelligible enough to be deſcribed. Poſted, and appraiſed to 45l. GEORGE CARRINGTON.

THE SHERIFFS who are in Arrear to his Majeſty's Revenue of QUITRENTS are deſired to ſettle their Accounts with the Auditor, and pay their reſpective Balances into the Receiver's Office by the 25th of next *March*; after which Time the Name of every Sheriff who fails to make due Payment will be inſerted in the Gazette.

RICHARD CORBIN, D. R. G.

KING WILLIAM, *December* 29, 1774.

A PRIVATE TUTOR, capable of teaching the *FRENCH* and *LATIN* Languages, is wanted for about ſix Pupils. Such a Perſon, well recommended, will meet with Encouragement by applying to

ROBERT HILL.
SAMUEL GARLICK.

Juſt IMPORTED *from* LIVERPOOL, *and to be diſpoſed of*,

A FINE

FISHING SEINE,

[illegible] Fathom long; 36 Feet deep in the Middle, five eighths of an Inch Meſh; Ends 21 Feet, ſeven eighths of an Inch Meſh; with the neceſſary Apparatus. For Terms apply to the Subſcriber.

LANDON CARTER.

Farquier, Dec. 23, 1774.

ROBERT GILBERT,

SHOEMAKER,

HAS opened Shop in the back Street, at the Place where he formerly lived, [illegible] to Mr. *Richard Charlton*'s, and intends carrying on his Buſineſs in all its Branches, having on Hand a very neat Aſſ[illegible] of Leather proper for Boots and Shoes. The many Favours he formerly met with obliges him for the future [illegible] for Caſh.—He returns his ſincere Thanks to thoſe [illegible] former Cuſtomers, and ſhall endeavour to [illegible] all thoſe who may pleaſe to employ him.

A Journeyman will be given to a Journeyman who underſtands [illegible].

IF [illegible] the Offſpring of *John Ellaſon*, [illegible] they may hear of Something greatly to [illegible] by applying to *Edward Swann* of *Nanſemond*, or [illegible] in *Cumberland*.

WHEREAS there has been a Suit depending, ſome Time ſince, in *Great Britain*, which was brought by *Samuel Dorrel*, *George Turner*, *John Noble*, &c. Plaintiffs againſt *Wilſon Huggins*, &c. Defendants, it being now determined in Favour of the Plaintiffs, the ſaid *Noble* is hereby requeſted to make Application for his Part, and to pay his Proportion of Expenſes. REUBEN TURNER, Executor of *George Turner*, deceaſed.

FALLS of POTOWMACK, *Dec.* 22, 1774.

AT a Meeting of the Truſtees for opening the Navigation of *Potowmack* River, held at *George* Town the firſt Day of *December*, 1774, preſent, THOMAS JOHNSON, Jun. Attorney at Law, WILLIAM DEAKINS, ADAM STEUART, THOMAS JOHNS, and THOMAS RICHARDSON, of *George* Town, Merchants, WILLIAM ELLZEY, ROBERT ALEXANDER, and PHILIP ALEXANDER, of *Virginia*, who ordered and directed that the Subſcriber ſhould, on the Credit, and at the Riſk of the above-named Truſtees, hire fifty Slaves to labour in cutting the Canals round the ſeveral Falls of ſaid River: And at another Meeting of Truſtees, for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, held at *Alexandria* the 19th Day of the ſame Month, preſent, GEORGE WASHINGTON, JOHN CARLYLE, JOHN DALTON, and WILLIAM RAMSAY, Gentlemen, together with many of the Truſtees at the former Meeting, who recognized and approved of the Order for hiring fifty Slaves, and agreed to become equally liable. In Conſequence of which Order of the Truſtees, I hereby give Notice that I want to hire Negro Men for the enſuing Year, for the Purpoſe above-mentioned. Any Perſon inclining to hire the Whole, or any Part of them, may ſee the Proceedings of the ſaid Truſtees, ſubſcribed by and with their reſpective Hands, in my Cuſtody. 4 JOHN BALLENDINE.

WANTED,

On Charter for *Cadiz*,

A VESSEL to carry 12 or 1500 Barrels.

INQUIRE OF THE PRINTERS.

TO BE SOLD

For ready Money, at HANOVER *Courthouſe, on the firſt* THURSDAY *in* FEBRUARY, *by Virtue of a Bill of Sale,*

FIFTEEN VIRGINIA born SLAVES,

conſiſting of Men, Women, and Children. An indiſputable Title will be made to the Purchaſers. 4

TO BE SOLD,

On the ſecond MONDAY *in* FEBRUARY, *if fair, otherwiſe next fair Day, at* LOUDON *Courthouſe,*

FIFTY likely *Virginia* born NEGROES,

conſiſting of Men, Women, and Children. Six Months Credit will be allowed for one Half, and twelve Months for the other Half of the Purchaſe Money, the Purchaſers giving Bond and approved Security; the Bonds to carry Intereſt if not diſcharged within twenty Days after they become due. Five per Cent. Diſcount will be allowed for ready Money.

Ten Pounds Reward.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Staffordſ* County, two indented SERVANTS, one a *Scotchman*, named *DAVID MATHISON*, a ſtout well made Fellow, by Trade a Gardener, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, with dark red Hair curled behind, and at the Sides; had on, and took with him, an old blue Surtout Coat, which has been turned, faced and trimmed with the ſame Colour; a green Cloth Jacket, with yellow Metal Buttons; a Pair of red Plush Breeches, fine mixed blue Country Stockings, a mixed blue Cloth Coat and Jacket, lined and trimmed with black; a ſtriped *Virginia* Cloth Jacket, one Shirt of brown Sheeting, ſeveral others of fine Linen, a Pair of Nankeen Breeches, and many other Clothes that cannot be particularized.——The other is an *Engliſhman*, by Name *CHARLES BOOTH*, by Trade a Joiner, aged about 20 or 21 Years, 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, ſlender made, of a fair Complexion, and has white ſhort curled Hair. He had on, and took with him, a Violet or purple coloured Cloth Coat and Waiſtcoat, a Pair of new Buckſkin Breeches, a Pair of old Do. much worn, and very dirty, an old blue Coat lined with white ſhalloon, a new green Cotton Waiſtcoat with Plaid Sleeves, and lined with Oſnabrug, a Pair of dark ribbed Stockings, and ſeveral other Pairs of different Colours, a brown Sheeting Shirt, one fine *Iriſh* Linen Ditto much patched, and ſeveral others; alſo a Silver Watch. They took with them a Gun, a Pair of double Blankets, and a ſpotted Rug, and went away in a Pettiauger.——All Maſters of Veſſels are forewarned from carrying them out of the Country.

WILLIAM BRENT.

CHARLES CITY, *January* 1, 1775.

LESTER's FERRY, on *Chickahomony*, is now rented by the Subſcriber, who will endeavour to keep the ſame in good Order. Gentlemen who have Occaſion to travel that Way may depend on having the beſt of Entertainment, and good Uſage from JOHN FOESE.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Dec.* 29, 1774.

STRAYED, a BAY HORSE and MARE; the Horſe is about 14 Hands and a Half high, hanging Mane and Switch Tail, and has a ſore Back; the Mare is a very dark bay, about 13 Hands high, three white Feet, and her Tail about three Feet long. Twenty Shillings Reward will be given on their being delivered to the Printers.

KING & QUEEN, *January* 3, 1775.

I INTEND to ENGLAND immediately.

CHRISTOPHER TODD.

TAKEN up, about a Fortnight ago, a NEGRO MAN who ſays his Name is *ROBIN*, and that he belongs to Mr. *Robert Coutts* of *Albemarle*. He is about 28 Years of Age, 5 Feet high, and ſpeaks bad *Engliſh*. The Owner is deſired to apply to the Printers, pay the Expenſe of this Advertiſement, and take him away.

FOR SALE,

MY DWELLING-HOUSE, *&c.* in *York* Town. Five Years Credit will be allowed, the Purchaſer give Bond (with approved Security) bearing Intereſt from the Time the Bargain is concluded upon. For Terms apply to me, in this Town.

(tf) JOHN H. NORTON.

YORK TOWN, *November* 23, 1774.

FOR CHARTER,

The BRIGANTINE

A B B Y,

JONAS HERBERT MASTER,

BURTHEN about 240 Hogſheads, or 8000 Buſhels. For Terms apply to (tf)

GREENWOOD, RITSON, & MARSH.

NORFOLK, *November* 5, 1774.

THE DISTILLERY at *Alexandria* in *Virginia*, with other Improvements, to be let for a Term of Years. Inquire of Mr. *William Holt* at *Williamſburg*, *William Davies*, Eſq; at *Norfolk*, Mr. *George Gilpin*, or Meſſ. *Harper* & *Hartſhorne*, at *Alexandria*, Mr. *John Cornthwait*, at *Baltimore*, or of *Daniel Roberdeau*, Eſq; at *Philadelphia*. The Diſtillery and Improvements conſiſt of a Diſtillery built of Stone, 71 Feet by 39; a Stone Store 50 by 50, with Granaries, in two Stories above the Ground Floor, and a Sail or Rigging Loft above, the whole Length of the Building; a Molaſſes Store, framed, that will contain 140 Hogſheads; and a framed Cooper's Shop 16 by 23, with a ſuitable Chimney. The Diſtillery is furniſhed with two new Stills about the ſame Size, that will hold to work 2500 Gallons; and the Working Ciſterns, twenty in Number, will contain the ſame Quantity each. It is alſo furniſhed with a third Still, that contains to work 600 Gallons, for Low Wines. Each of theſe Stills have ſuitable Worms and Worm Tubs. There is alſo a ſuitable Low Wine Ciſtern, and five very ample Return Ciſterns outſide of the Houſe, and under Cover. The Whole, and every Part of the Improvements, are entirely new, executed by Workmen from *Philadelphia*, and the Diſtillery under the immediate Eye and Direction of a Gentleman of eminent Capacity in Diſtillation. The Works are ſupplied with good cool Water from an ample Spring, by two Pumps with Braſs Chambers ſix Inches Diameter; and the Ciſterns are charged with two other Pumps, with Chambers of Block Tin five Inches Diameter, through Suction Pipes of yellow Poplar. All theſe Pumps are worked by a Horſe, in an adjoining Mill-houſe of large Diameter, well conſtructed. There is alſo a Woodyard, boarded ſeven Feet, that will contain much more than neceſſary for the Diſtillery, into which the Wood may be thrown from the Water. The Whole of theſe Improvements are ſituated in *Alexandria*, below the Bank; the Diſtillery on faſt Ground, and the Ciſterns fixed above the higheſt Tide Waters; the Stores and Yard on a Wharf which, with the publick Wharf adjoining, of 66 Feet, makes an Extent of more than 200 Feet in Width, 156 Feet of which run 300 Feet into *Potowmack*.

As it does not ſuit the Owner of theſe Improvements to remove his Reſidence from *Philadelphia*, he will let them at a moderate Rent, with a Contract for 300 Cords of Aſh Wood yearly, or five Years, cut into four Feet Lengths, and delivered on the *Maryland* Shore, directly oppoſite to the Diſtillery, and ſo near the Water as to render any Carriage unneceſſary, by the Heirs of *Thomas Addiſon*, Eſq; deceaſed, at the Rate of a Dollar per Cord.

Any Perſon inclining to leaſe the Premiſes, may be furniſhed, on a ſpeedy Application, with about 160 Hogſheads of good well choſen Molaſſes, with Indulgence for Payment. Inquire as above. (tf)

PRINCE GEORGE, *November* 10, 1774.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, a Mulatto Boy named SAM, about 16 or 17 Years old, of a very light Complexion, and will endeavour to paſs for a free Boy, has gray Eyes, brown Hair, a ſmooth artful Tongue, is a great Villain, but a very good Barber. In the Month of *June* laſt he was put in *York* Jail, on Suſpicion of having ſtolen ſome Money in *Williamſburg*. He made his Eſcape from thence and got to *Norfolk*, where he was put in Jail and ſent to me by Water. The next Day (*September* 20th) he made his Eſcape from my Overſeer, and has not ſince been heard of. He was born in *Frederick* Town, *Maryland*, has lived in *Fredericksburg*, *Norfolk*, and *York* Town, and is well acquainted with moſt Parts of *Virginia*. He was very meanly clad, having been ſo long in Jail, but it is probable will procure Clothes. I will give 40s. Reward to have him committed to any of his Majeſty's Jails, if taken in the Colony of *Virginia*, and if out of the Colony 5l. All Captains of Ships, or Maſters of Veſſels, are hereby forewarned from carrying him out of the Country, or employing him.

(tf) JOHN BLAND.

NEW YORK, *July* 27, 1774.

FIFTY POUNDS REWARD,

WHEREAS, on the 19th of *June* laſt paſt, a certain JOSEPH THORP was intruſted with a conſiderable Sum in Half Johannefſes, of nine Pennyweight, to be delivered by him at *Quebec*, and as he has not yet made his Appearance there, with other ſuſpicious Circumſtances, it is apprehended he is gone off with the Money. He is a Native of *England*, about ſix Feet high, ſwarthy Complexion, very dark keen Eyes, and pitted with the Smallpox, of a ſlender Make, ſtoops as he walks, talks rather ſlow, with ſome ſmall Impediment in his Speech. He lived ſome Time in *Boſton*, from whence he removed to *Quebec*, aſſuming the Character of a Merchant in both Places; he was alſo once in Trade in *Newcaſtle*, *Virginia*, and has a Brother ſettled there. It is believed he went on Board Captain *John F. Pruym*, of *Albany*, and took with him a blue Caſſimir and a dark brown Cloth Suit of Clothes. Whoever ſecures the ſaid *Joſeph Thorp*, in any of his Majeſty's Jails on this Continent, ſhall be entitled to ten per Cent. on the Sum recovered, and the above Reward of 50l. when convicted. Apply to *Curſon* and *Seton* of *New York*, *Joſeph Wharton*, Junior, of *Philadelphia*, *Robert Chriſtie* of *Baltimore*, *James Gibſon* and Co. of *Virginia*, *John Bondfield* of *Quebec*, *Melatiah Bourne* or *John Reeve* of *Boſton*. It is requeſted of thoſe who may have ſeen this *Joſeph Thorp*, ſince the 19th of *June* laſt paſt, or know any Thing of the Route he has taken, that they convey the moſt early Intelligence thereof to any of the above Perſons, or *Greenwood*, *Ritſon*, and *Marſh*, in *Norfolk*, or to *Robert Pleaſants* and Co. at *Four Mile* Creek, *Henrico* County; the Favour will be gratefully acknowledged. All Maſters of Veſſels are forewarned from taking him off the Continent. (tf)

TO BE SOLD, *or* RENTED,

(Preference will be given to the firſt)

A PLANTATION on *Allen's* Creek in *Mecklenburg*, within a Mile of *Roanoke*, conſiſting of about 120 Acres of Land, the Property of Meſſ. *Alexander Donald* and Co. and whereon the Subſcriber now lives. The Land of itſelf is valuable, excluſive of the Improvements, which are a good Dwelling-Houſe, with other neceſſary Outhouſes, and a large and convenient Storehouſe, 32 by 44 Feet. There are about 20 Acres of the low Ground well ſet in Timothy and Clover, and notwithſtanding this dry Summer, 15 Acres of it have yielded above 30,000 Weight of Hay, which, with about 300 Buſhels of Oats in the Straw, ſome *Indian* Corn, 40 Head of Cattle, 50 Head of Sheep, and ſome Hogs, will be ſold on reaſonable Terms. The Purchaſer may have Poſſeſſion of the Premiſes as ſoon as he pleaſes, and long Credit (if required) will be allowed for the Land, on his giving Bond and Security. It is expected the Store will be continued, and of Courſe the Purchaſer will have the Benefit of the Board of the Storekeepers, and beſides the Situation of the Place (being on *Taylor*'s Ferry Road) makes it well calculated for a Tavern.

(tf) EBENEZER MACHARG.